



Sunrise Birding LLC & Bird's Wildlife & Nature Tours



LESVOS

FALL MIGRATION September 11 – 18, 2022

TRIP REPORT



Photos: Flamingo, Red-backed Shrike, Red-footed Falcon, Kalloni Salt pans Scene

LESVOS Fall Migration

11th Sept – 18th Sept 2022

HIGHLIGHTS

Either for rarity value, excellent views or simply a group favourite.

- Krüper's Nuthatch
- Short-toed Treecreeper
- European Roller
- Eurasian Hoopoe
- European Bee-eater
- Sombre Tit
- Little Owl
- Wryneck
- Eleanora's Falcon
- Common Kingfisher
- Black Stork
- Red-backed Shrike
- Tawny Pipit
- Marsh Sandpiper
- Pied Avocet
- Greater Flamingo
- Dalmatian Pelican
- Red-footed Falcon
- Eurasian Spoonbill
- Slender-billed Gull
- Lesser Grey Shrike
- Eurasian Stone-curlew
- Zitting Cisticola
- Cetti's Warbler
- Spanish Sparrow
- Blue Rock Thrush
- Chukar
- Black-eared Wheatear
- Red-rumped Swallow
- Kentish Plover
- Northern Lapwing
- Long-legged Buzzard
- Middle Spotted Woodpecker
- Short-toed Eagle
- European Honey Buzzard
- Sardinian Warbler
- Cetti's Warbler
- Western Rock Nuthatch
- Mediterranean Gull
- Eurasian Crag Martin
- Woodchat Shrike
- Purple Heron
- Persian Squirrel
- Starred Agama
- Violet Dropwing
- Long-tailed Blue
- Scarce Swallowtail
- Levant Hawk Moth

SUMMARY:

The Greek Island of Lesvos is well known for being the center of Spring bird migration in Europe, but less is known about the Autumn migration which extends from late August to mid-October. Our visit was timed to be right in the middle of these dates with the hope that we could witness many birds returning from their breeding grounds in Northern Europe to their wintering grounds in Africa. Well, timing is not everything and we needed the weather to help complete the picture of migration. This year the weather gods favored the birds with clear blue skies every day meaning that many migrants simply flew over the island without stopping. The usual cloudy days and drizzle that makes birds drop in to rest and feed up did not happen. However, during our wonderful week of sunshine, we managed to defy the odds and find many of the species we hoped for, albeit in fewer numbers than expected. The star birds: Krüper's Nuthatch, Sombre Tit, Western Rock Nuthatch, and Middle Spotted Woodpecker were all seen well while the count of **Dalmatian Pelicans** and Eurasian Spoonbills were the highest we have ever seen. Glamor birds that were seen included European Roller, Common Kingfisher, Eurasian Hoopoe, and European Bee-eater as well as a lone, immaculate male Red-footed Falcon. The spectacle of numerous Red-backed Shrikes,



Whinchats, Spotted Flycatchers, and Willow Warblers that included at least 100 birds in just one field was simply wonderful to see. As ever, we made a point of looking at all other forms of wildlife including mammals, reptiles, amphibians, dragonflies, butterflies, moths and anything else that moved or, in the case of flora, did not move. All in all, it was a fabulous week with a lovely group of nature lovers.



Day 1 - 11th Sept

With everyone having arrived safely and on time, we all had breakfast at the hotel which included the famous Greek Yoghurt that never fails to impress. After settling in, we met up for our first excursion to the nearby Kalloni Salt Pans, an area we would become very familiar with. The light in the morning is always best on the east side of the pans so this was the site of our first official birding. We soon arrived and walked the gravel road toward the far end of the pools. Three Zitting Cisticolas made their presence known in the small patch of reeds while across in the salt pans both Greater Flamingos and Pied Avocets looked fabulous bathed in morning sunshine.

As we searched further, we found several Black Storks, Great and Little Egrets, Grey Herons, a Sandwich Tern, and some Little Terns. Among the Black-headed and Yellow-legged Gulls, we found some very handsome **Slender-billed Gulls**.



Shorebirds included Greenshank, Redshank, Marsh Sandpiper, Little Ringed Plover, Grey Plover, Eurasian Curlew, and a few Little Stints. We made our way back seeing plenty of Crested Larks, and then drove around to the other side of the salt pans to an area known as the sheep fields, although nowadays it only holds horses and donkeys. A few Northern Wheatears were seen here and as well as a lone Lesser Grey Shrike.



Turning a couple of rocks over revealed a pair of **Mediterranean Chequered Scorpions**. We made our way back toward the hotel via the Lotzaria track. Plenty of Red-backed Shrikes were seen as well as Whinchats and Willow Warblers, a single juvenile Woodchat Shrike, and a few Yellow Wagtails. We then had a relaxed lunch before meeting up for an afternoon excursion.

We decided to try the Potamia Valley which proved to be a good move. Our first stop was the old Potamia Reservoir where we saw a Purple Heron and two Black-crowned Night Herons, plus Moorhens, Coots, and a Common Kingfisher. **Violet Drowning** dragonflies were perching around the reservoir in numbers.

Moving on, we slowly drove up the valley where we were soon surprised to find a Wryneck feeding on the ground. Middle Spotted Woodpeckers could be heard and we noted Spotted Flycatchers, Red-backed Shrikes, Chaffinches, Whinchats, a Goshawk, some



Red-rumped Swallows and a group of distant Eurasian Crag Martins. As we returned back down the valley, we added very distant Western Rock Nuthatch, House Martin, numerous Willow Warblers and Great Tits, plus a singing Cirl Bunting.

Day 2 - 12th Sept

This morning after breakfast we set off north towards Petra and Molivos. A quick stop for two soaring raptors showed they were both Eurasian Honey Buzzards heading south on their migration. Continuing on, we could see the Church of Holy Mary built on the Rock that rises from the center of Petra (Panagia Glykofilousa).

From here we headed toward Molivos where we first checked out the almost dried up Perasma Reservoir. One of the first birds we saw was an Eleanor's Falcon that flew low over the pool of water giving fantastic views before heading south down the valley. A few other birds here included Greenshank, 6 Little Grebes, a lone Mallard, a group of Great Cormorants and some Yellow-legged Gulls.

From here we drove across the hills to the Argenos Watchpoint, a covered shelter that allows views across to Turkey and in the right conditions can be a great place to view migrating raptors. There wasn't much moving but we did see a Long-legged Buzzard, some Common Buzzards, Eurasian Sparrowhawk, Hobby, and several **Short-toed Eagles**. Below us a Chukar was seen on a dirt track while Jays, Hooded Crows and Ravens all put in an appearance.



After spending an hour or so here we drove to the quaint fishing village of Skala Sikaminia for some refreshments. We then drove the coastal dirt road back to Molivos. A stop at the area known as Megala Therma introduced everyone to the super-hot thermal water bubbling into the sea! Continuing on we arrived in **Molivos** where we had lunch up by the castle. Good numbers of Barn Swallows were seen and we enjoyed a couple of Scarce Swallowtail butterflies that put on a performance for us.

We then drove back to the Kalloni Salt Pans seeing the regular gulls and flamingos before taking a rest back at the hotel. Late afternoon as things began to cool down a little, we revisited the Lotzaria Track where we walked a little



getting better views of Red-backed Shrikes, Whinchats, Northern Wheatears and good numbers of Long-tailed Blue Butterflies. Corn Buntings were seen well and among the House Sparrows we found several Spanish Sparrows. To end the day, we had a group of 33 European Bee-eaters fly over.

Day 3 - 13th Sept

Today after breakfast we drove slowly towards the Tsiknias River stopping near the ford to look at the Little Owl before it disappeared into a farm building. Along the Lotzaria Track were the usual array of Red-backed Shrikes, Northern Wheatears and Whinchats. A few Willow Warblers zipped back and forth and then on the Salt Pan Road we saw a couple of Little Ringed Plovers.



We drove out and stopped at the Messa Wetland and soon found a **Northern Lapwing**. In the little water that remained in the pool we also saw a Ringed Plover alongside two Kentish Plovers and some Little Ringed Plovers. Further on we stopped at Vouvaris Bridge where we were looking at all the Stripe-necked Terrapins when suddenly a Kruper's Nuthatch appeared briefly and then disappeared. Two Common Kingfishers dashed past and under the bridge and several Chaffinches and Blue Tits were seen.

Moving on again to Achladeri it was beginning to warm up and we just caught the tail end of activity in the forest. Five Woodlarks were seen and both Kruper's Nuthatch and Short-toed Treecreeper were initially vocal but soon became silent before we could track them down to get more than a fleeting glimpse. We will be back!!!



Our friend Howard was also in the forest and called us over as he had just spotted a Fallow Deer a species neither of us had seen on the island before. As we were about to leave a couple of Black Storks circling above were joined by a Marsh Harrier and a Common Buzzard. We decided to take the coastal track towards Polichnitos and were happy to find a European Roller and 3 Eurasian Hoopoes all in the same field. We spent some time enjoying views of the Roller sat on wires and the Hoopoes feeding in the grassy field.

From here we continued on seeing a raft of small gulls numbering around 70, most of which seemed to be Mediterranean Gulls. Several **European Shags** fed close to shore and a Common Sandpiper allowed us close up views on the beach. A Short-toed Eagle flew low in front of us as we drove slowly past the pans so we could have a taverna lunch. More Mediterranean Gulls were sat on the sea here.

After lunch we returned to the salt pans and slowly checked through each of the shallow pools. We found plenty of



Redshanks, a few Greenshanks, 4 Marsh Sandpipers, a Black-winged Stilt, Little Stints and a single Dunlin, 4 Curlew Sandpipers, and out on some wooden posts we counted 69 Sandwich Terns, and 4 Common Terns. Lots of Avocets, Greater Flamingos and Yellow-legged Gulls were present plus a lone Common Shelduck. Slowly making our way back, we had an amazing encounter with at least 100 **Willow Warblers** in one freshly irrigated field. Other than that, a group of four Tawny Pipits was the best for this return journey.

Day 4 - 14th Sept

This morning we took a pre-breakfast visit to Metochi Lake. It was half full and mud exposed but no sign of any life. We gave it time and found a single Water Rail, plus two Common Sandpipers and quite a few Cetti's Warblers picked up on their subtle call but not at all visible. Jays and Spotted Flycatchers were noted and a distant Turtle Dove was scoped. Returning to the hotel, we checked the Christou River and sure enough we found three Eurasian Stone Curlews, two sat down on the dry grasses and another out on the open edge of the mud.



After breakfast, we headed west following the coast road to Sigri. Our first stop was at Ipsilou Monastery where the clear blue sky prevented any type of visible migration. Western Rock Nuthatches were seen and a few Blue Tits but little else. Moving on to Sigri and Faneromeni, we checked the back roads and managed to find a few warblers among the olive groves and scrubby ditches. A Common Redstart, Blackcap, Whitethroat, Sardinian, Willow and Garden Warblers were seen, as well as plenty of Spotted Flycatchers. A Eurasian Hoopoe was spotted and a Common Buzzard flew over.

We took lunch in town before visiting the Petrified Forest Museum which is always a delight as it's so well managed. Afterwards we re-checked some of Faneromeni seeing Yellow Wagtails in an irrigated field, a few Red-backed Shrikes, Whinchats and more Willow Warblers. We then headed back to Kalloni stopping only for a Black-eared Wheatear on a rock along the road. In the evening we had fantastic views of a Cetti's Warbler out on an open rock beside the Tsiknias River ford. Then two Little Owls sat quietly on the old farm building before we moved to an area and waited for European Nightjars to appear. The nightjars were shy but there was plenty of Common Pipistrelle Bats. We took the opportunity to look at stars and planets and had great views of Jupiter and Saturn. On our way back to the hotel, a Nightjar was seen on the road.

Day 5 - 15th Sept

After breakfast we set off straight to Achladeri before the temperature got too hot. A couple of Woodlarks flew a short distance as we arrived while Chaffinches and Blue Tits were very evident. A Short-toed Treecreeper then called and after tracking it down we all got views as it climbed the tree trunks. The next sound led us to the island's star bird, a Krüper's Nuthatch, which was soon located and seen well. The Middle Spotted Woodpeckers that kept calling led us a merry dance and refused to be seen until one was spotted distantly on a horizontal branch. Great and Coal Tit were also noted and lots of Eastern Rock Grayling butterflies were seen.

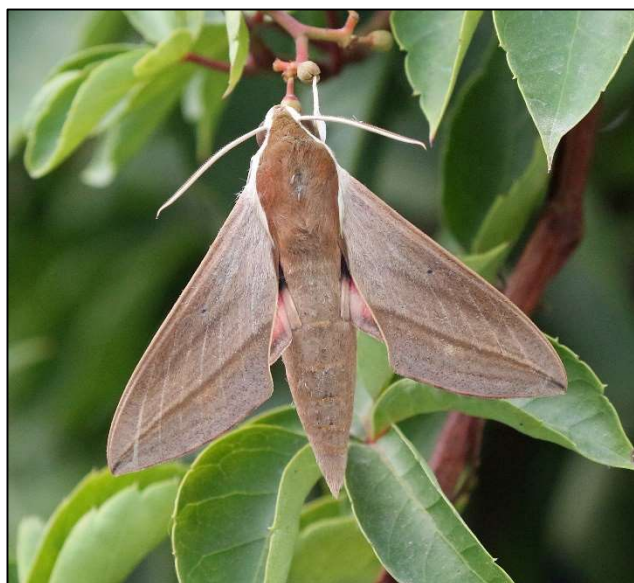
After our success in the forest, we drove a short distance to another forest track which we followed until we reached a flowing stream where dragonflies included Southern Darter and Blue Featherlegs plus a lone Levant Water Frog and several Greek Cyclamen flowers were in full bloom. Returning for our relax time in the hottest part of the day, we were greeted with a fantastic Levant Hawk Moth that had been found on the restaurant curtains.



We again met in the afternoon and took our second visit to the Potamia Valley. There was very little on the reservoir so we drove way up the valley to a shady area of trees. Here, a broken, leaking water pipe proved a magnet to lots of Great Tits and Blue Tits and we spent time watching them come down to drink and bathe in the small puddle below the pipe. Other birds noted in the valley included Eurasian Sparrowhawk, Western Rock Nuthatch, Common Buzzard and a pair of European Serins, along with the regular Red-backed Shrikes and Willow Warblers.

Day 6 - 17th Sept

A pre-breakfast visit to an area known to us as the Scops Copse was intended to hopefully get better views of Middle Spotted Woodpecker, and this we achieved when a bird was spotted on a telephone pole. A Persian Squirrel was also seen on the pole before it climbed along the wire and made a heroic jump down into the tree tops.



We went back for breakfast and had a session photographing the **Levant Hawk Moth** before releasing it. Afterwards we headed out for another session on the east-side of the Kalloni Salt Pans. The was perfect once again and we were soon counting numbers. The Dalmatian Pelicans now stood at 20 birds with 14 visible Eurasian Spoonbills. A group of 12 Mallard were new and, searching through the other birds present, we found 6 Black Storks, some Slender-billed Gulls, Grey Plover, Eurasian Curlew and some Little Ringed Plovers. A Peregrine Falcon sat on a fence post and three Zitting Cisticolas showed briefly in the reeds.

We left the salt pans and headed north up to Perasma Reservoir. We were amazed as we arrived to see a Dalmatian Pelican circling overhead with a Black Stork. It eventually headed south to possibly join the other pelicans at Kalloni. As we pulled in, a large Montpellier Snake slithered across the road. On the small pool of water, we found 6 Little Grebes and a Greenshank while several Red-veined Darter dragonflies perched nearby.

Moving on, we called in to the Argenos Watchpoint where we saw one European Honey Buzzard, 2 Long-legged and 3 Common Buzzards, a Eurasian Sparrowhawk and 4 Short-toed Snake Eagles. We later continued on the coastal track back to Molivos and then to Petra where we indulged in an ice cream. We then headed back to our hotel and took a short rest before heading out to the Tsiknias River where we drove inland. The highlight here was another Middle Spotted Woodpecker and a group of 12 European Bee-eaters catching bees and doing acrobatics over the farm fields.

Day 7 - 18th Sept

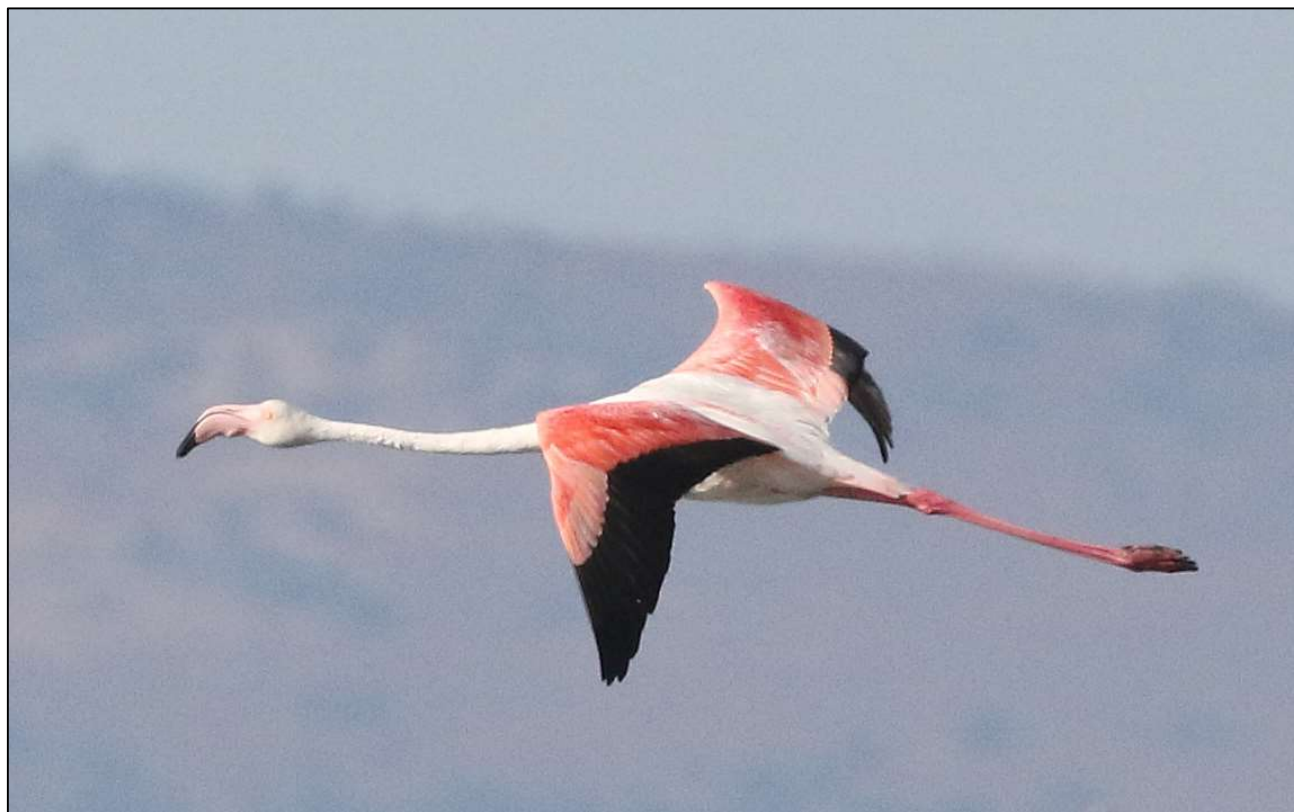
This morning after breakfast we set off towards Achladeri where a quick stop at the Kalami Pool revealed the Northern Lapwing again plus a Wood Sandpiper, alongside several Kentish and Little Ringed Plovers. At Achladeri, we took a small dirt track to a small stream we found a few days ago. We wanted to walk along the stream and see where it took us. This small clear freshwater stream had small waterfalls, clear pools and an abundance of green vegetation. Southern Darter dragonflies and Blue Featherleg Damselflies were seen and, in the water, we managed to find a couple of **Freshwater Crabs**. The forest was quiet for birds except on our return when we heard the distinctive call of a Krüper's Nuthatch.



From here we made our way to Polichnitos Salt Pans where superb close views of the **Greater Flamingos** and a range of other birds such as Slender-billed Gulls, Greenshank, a Dunlin, Curlew Sandpiper and Pied Avocets was had. After lunch in the fishing village, we continued on to Vatera where we stopped to look at Achilles Well, before driving up to Agios Fokas headland and its spectacular views.

On our way back we checked the small river which was full of Stripe-necked Terrapins, a Red-veined Darter dragonfly and a well perched **Crested Lark** doing impressions of other birds. We then heard the call of European Bee-eaters and eventually found a group sat on telegraph wires.

It was time to return to Kalloni and enjoy our last look at the salt pans there. The usual birds were seen including Shrikes and Whinchats along the Lotzaria track. As we returned to the hotel, we counted 72 European Bee-eaters, a fitting end to our day.



Greater Flamingo, Northern Wheatear, Spur-thighed Tortoise.

BIRDLIST FOR LESVOS – Sept 2022

A = Number of species recorded on tour B = Number of days out of 7 recorded C = Highest daily count

H = Heard Only N/C = No Count C=Common

This list follows the IOC WORLD BIRD LIST v (10.1) and as such names may be different than some of the field guides and other taxonomy's

A	SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	B	C
1	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>	2	3
2	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	3	13
3	Chukar	<i>Alectoris chukar</i>	1	1
4	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	4	8
5	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	7	150+
6	Black Stork	<i>Ciconia nigra</i>	5	6
7	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	2	20
8	Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	1	2
9	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	7	6
10	Great Egret	<i>Ardea alba</i>	6	6
11	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	7	10
12	Dalmatian Pelican	<i>Pelecanus crispus</i>	2	21
13	European Shag	<i>Phalacrocorax aristotelis</i>	2	8
14	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	6	50
15	European Honey Buzzard	<i>Peris apivorus</i>	3	2
16	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	7	4
17	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>	4	1
18	Northern Goshawk	<i>Accipiter gentilis</i>	1	1
19	Long-legged Buzzard	<i>Buteo rufinus</i>	3	2
20	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	5	3
21	Water Rail	<i>Rallus aquaticus</i>	1	1
22	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	3	2
23	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	2	6
24	Eurasian Stone-curlew	<i>Burhinus oediconemus</i>	1	3
25	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	1	1
26	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	5	100+
27	Northern Lapwing	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i>	2	1
28	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>	3	3
29	Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>	2	1
30	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	6	8
31	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	2	2
32	Eurasian Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>	2	3
33	Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>	2	4
34	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>	1	1
35	Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>	1	1

36	Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>	4	10
37	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	3	2
38	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	1	1
39	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	5	12
40	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	5	4
41	Slender-billed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus genei</i>	4	4
42	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>	5	80
43	Mediterranean Gull	<i>Ichthyaetus melanocephalus</i>	2	60
44	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>	7	100
45	Sandwich Tern	<i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>	2	69
46	Rock Dove	<i>Columba livia</i>	7	20
47	Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>	2	1
48	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	7	15
49	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>	4	2
50	European Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus europaeus</i>	1	1
51	European Roller	<i>Coracias garrulus</i>	1	1
52	Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	4	2
53	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>	4	86
54	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	3	3
55	Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>	1	1
56	Middle Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocoptes medius</i>	5	2
57	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	4	2
58	Red-footed Falcon	<i>Falco vespertinus</i>	1	1
59	Eleanora's Falcon	<i>Falco eleanorae</i>	2	1
60	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	1	1
61	Red-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius collurio</i>	7	20
62	Lesser Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius minor</i>	1	1
63	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>	2	1
64	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>	6	3
65	Western Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>	2	10
66	Hooded Crow	<i>Corvus cornix</i>	7	50
67	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	7	4
68	Sombre Tit	<i>Poecile lugubris</i>	1	1
69	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>	6	15
70	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	7	8
71	Coal Tit	<i>Parus ater</i>	1	1
72	Woodlark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>	2	5
73	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	7	30
74	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	7	50
75	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>	1	8
76	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	3	2
77	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>	6	4

78	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>	2	1
79	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>	7	130
80	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	2	3
81	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	1	1
82	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>	1	1
83	Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>	1	1
84	Common Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>	1	1
85	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>	3	2
86	Kruper's Nuthatch	<i>Sitta krueperi</i>	2	3
87	Western Rock Nuthatch	<i>Sitta neumayer</i>	5	8
88	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>	2	2
89	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	6	9
90	Spotted Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa striata</i>	6	12
91	Common Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>	1	1
92	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>	3	1
93	Whinchat	<i>Saxicola rubetra</i>	7	6
94	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola</i>	3	2
95	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>	7	4
96	Black-eared Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe hispanica</i>	1	1
97	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domestica</i>	7	80
98	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>	3	20
99	Western Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>	6	10
100	White Wagtail	Motacilla alba	2	3
101	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>	2	4
102	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>	1	1
103	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>	6	6
104	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>	1	2
105	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	4	4
106	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>	1	2
107	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>	6	30
108	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>	6	2

Other sightings

A	SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	B	C
1	Persian Squirrel	<i>Sciurus anomalus</i>	4	1
2	Fallow Deer	<i>Dama dama</i>	1	1
3	Common Pipistrelle	<i>Pipistrellus pipistrellus</i>	6	10
4	Spur-thighed Tortoise	<i>Testudo graeca</i>	1	1
5	Balkan Pond Terrapin	<i>Mauremys rivulata</i>	7	30
6	Montpellier Snake	<i>Malpolon monspessulanus</i>	1	1
7	Starred Agama	<i>Stellagama stellio</i>	3	2

8	Snake-eyed Lacerid	<i>Ophisops elegans</i>	3	1
9	Levant Water Frog	<i>Pelophylax bedriagae</i>	1	1
10	Mediterranean Chequered Scorpion	<i>Mesobuthus gibbosus</i>	2	2
11	Iberian Freshwater Crab	<i>Potamon ibericum</i>	2	3
12	Fasciated Conehead Mantid	<i>Empusa fasciata</i>	1	1
13	Violet Dropwing	<i>Trithemis annulata</i>	4	100+
14	Southern Skimmer	<i>Orthetrum brunneum</i>	5	10
15	Red-veined Darter	<i>Sympetrum fonscolombii</i>	3	2
16	Blue Featherleg	<i>Platycnemis pennipes</i>	2	3
17	Long-tailed Blue	<i>Lampides boeticus</i>	5	80+
18	Lang's Short-tailed Blue	<i>Leptotes pirithous</i>	1	1
19	Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>	3	3
20	Eastern Rock Grayling	<i>Hipparchia syriaca</i>	4	30
21	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>	2	1
22	Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias croceus</i>	2	1
23	Common Swallowtail	<i>Papilio machaon</i>	2	1
24	Scarce Swallowtail	<i>Iphiclides podalirius</i>	3	2
25	Painted Lady	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>	2	1
26	Levant Hawk Moth	<i>Theretra alecto</i>	1	1
27	Autumn Cyclamen	<i>Cyclamen hederifolium</i>	3	12
28	Common Chicory	<i>Cichorium intybus</i>	4	10



Common Sandpiper